# Ministerial Building Standard **MBS 007**

Superseded with the adoption of the 200.





## 1. SCOPE AND APPLICATION

- **1.1** This Standard is published as a Ministerial Building Standard that forms part of the Building Rules under the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016.*
- **1.2** The 2019 version of the Building Code of Australia (BCA) (the *Building Code*) adopted as part of the Building Rules by the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016*, is modified in its application to buildings and building work in South Australia in accordance with the provisions of this Standard.
- **1.3** This edition supersedes the July 2019 edition adopted on 1 July 2019.

# 2. MODIFICATIONS TO BCA 2019

### 2.1 Volume One

The variations and additions for South Australia contained in the Appendix to Volume One of BCA 2019 are modified as set out below:

2.1.1 **SA E1.3 Fire hydrants** - the following words in SA E1.3 are to be italicised and interpreted as defined terms under Schedule 3 or SA Schedule 3 as relevant:

Floor area

Required

Fire brigade

Farm shed

Bulk grain storage facility.

- 2.1.2 Delete all reference to **SA GP1.2**.
- 2.1.3 In South Australia, vary the application of **GP1.2** to read as follows:

## Application:

GP1.2 only applies to a *swimming pool* associated with a Class 2 or 3 building or Class 4 part of a building, with a depth of water more than 300mm.

2.1.4 After GP1.2(b) add SA GP1.2(c) as follows:

## SA GP1.2 (c)

- (c) a swimming pool must have prominent and visible signage that assists persons to provide first aid and to perform cardio pulmonary resuscitation on young children.
- 2.1.5 After G1.1(c) add SA G1.1(d) and SA G1.1(e) as follows:

# **SA G1.1 Swimming pools**

- (d) For the purpose of clause 6.1.1 of AS 1926.3, a skimmer box is an outlet, and must have a means of releasing the vacuum pressure should the suction become blocked.
- (e) A first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation sign must -
  - (i) be attached to the safety barriers of the swimming pool, or displayed near the swimming pool; and
  - (ii) be at least 300 mm by 300 mm in size; and
  - (iii) be made of durable and weatherproof material; and
  - (iv) show information about the procedures for providing first aid, including performing cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

#### 2.1.6 After G5.2 add SA G5.3 as follows:

#### SA G5.3 Bushfire attack levels

Where a *site* is located in a *designated bushfire prone area*, the bushfire attack level that applies to the *site* is—

- (a) for areas identified as general bushfire risk areas in the Planning and Design Code, the BAL-Low bushfire attack level;
- (b) for areas identified as medium bushfire risk areas in the Planning and Design Code, the BAL-12.5 bushfire attack level;
- (c) for areas identified as high bushfire risk areas in the Planning and Design Code, the bushfire attack level assessed for the *site* in accordance with the requirements of AS 3959;
- (d) for areas identified as urban interface in the Planning and Design Code that are within 500m of a high bushfire risk area, the BAL-Low bushfire attack level; and
- (e) for areas identified as urban interface in the Planning and Design Code that are within 100 m of a high bushfire risk area, the bushfire attack level assessed for the *site* in accordance with AS 3959.

## 2.1.7 Delete SA Part H3, which includes SA H3.1 and SA H3.2.

#### 2.2 Volume Two

The variations and additions for South Australia contained in Volume Two of BCA 2019 are modified as set out below:

# 2.2.1 Amend SA 3.10.1.0 (b) to read as follows

(b) Performance Requirement P2.7.2 is satisfied for a water recirculation system of a swimming pool with a depth of water more than 300 mm, if it complies with AS 1926.3. For the purposes of clause 6.1.1 of AS 1926.3, a skimmer box is an outlet and must have a means of releasing the vacuum pressure should the suction become blocked.

#### 2.2.2 After **3.10.5.0** add **SA 3.10.5.1** as follows:

#### SA 3.10.5.1 Bushfire attack levels

Where a *site* is located in a *designated bushfire prone area*, the bushfire attack level that applies to the *site* is—

- (a) for areas identified as general bushfire risk areas in the Planning and Design Code, the BAL-Low bushfire attack level;
- (b) for areas identified as medium bushfire risk areas in the Planning and Design Code, the BAL-12.5 bushfire attack level;
- (c) for areas identified as high bushfire risk areas in the Planning and Design Code, the bushfire attack level assessed for the *site* in accordance with the requirements of AS 3959;
- (d) for areas identified as urban interface in the Planning and Design Code that are within 500m of a high bushfire risk area, the BAL-Low bushfire attack level; and
- (e) for areas identified as urban interface in the Planning and Design Code that are within 100 m of a high bushfire risk area, the bushfire attack level assessed for the site in accordance with AS 3959.

- 2.2.3 Delete the wording in **SA 4.2.1 Application** and replace as follows:
  - Compliance with SA 4.2.2 Signage satisfies Performance Requirement SA 4.1.
- 2.2.4 Amend **SA Table 1 Schedule of referenced documents** to remove references to SA 3.12.0.1(a), AS 1530.8.1 and AS 1530.8.2.
- 2.2.5 Delete **3.12.0.1(b)** and add new **SA 3.12.0.1(b)** as follows:
  - (b) The heating and cooling load limits in (a) are-
    - (i) for **(a)(i)** to **(iii)**, as specified in the ABCB Standard for NatHERS heating and Cooling Load Limits for 6 star Class 1 buildings; and
    - (ii) for **SA 3.12.0.1(a)(iv)** and **(v)**, as specified in the ABCB Standard for NatHERS heating and Cooling Load Limits for 5 star Class 2 buildings.
- 2.2.6 As a consequence of adding the new clause **SA 3.12.0.1(b)**, renumber the following clauses-

clause SA 3.12.1.0 (b) as SA 3.12.0.1(f); and

clause SA 3.12.1.0 (c) as SA 3.12.0.1(g).